Article 95A - Unemployment Insurance Law

4.

Any unemployed individual is eligible to receive benefits with respect to any week only if the Executive Director finds that:

(e) An individual who has received benefits in a benefit year shall not be eligible for benefits in a subsequent benefit year unless such individual shall--have earned EARNS, AFTER THE BEGINNING OF THE FIRST BENEFIT YEAR, wages as a result of performing services in the employ of another, equal to not less than ten times his weekly benefit amount FOR THE SUBSEQUENT BENEFIT YEAR after--the--beginning of-the-first-of-such-benefit-years.

6.

An individual shall be disqualified for benefits:

- (d) If the Executive Director finds that he failed, without good cause, either to apply for available, suitable work, when so directed by the Executive Director, or to accept suitable work when offered him, or to return to his customary self-employment (if any) when so directed by the Executive Director. Such disqualification shall be effective [from the date] FOR THE WEEK when the application for work was to have been made, or when he was notified that suitable work became available to him, or when directed to return to his customary self-employment by the Executive Director, whichever is later, and shall continue for not less than one or more than ten weeks immediately following thereafter or until such individual has become reemployed and has earnings therein equal to at least ten (10) times his weekly benefit amount.
- (1) In determining whether or not any work is suitable for an individual, the Executive Director shall consider the degree of risk involved to his health, safety, and morals, his physical fitness and prior training, his experience and prior earnings, his length of unemployment and prospects for securing local work in his customary occupation, and the distance of the available work from his residence.
- (2) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this article, no work shall be deemed suitable and benefits shall not be denied under this article to any otherwise eligible individual for refusing to accept new work under any of the following conditions: (A) If the position offered is vacant due directly to a strike, lockout, or other labor dispute; (B) if the wages, hours, or other conditions of the work offered are substantially less favorable to the individual than those prevailing for similar work in the locality; (C) if as a condition of being employed the individual would be required to join a company union or to resign from or refrain from joining any bona fide labor organization.